



Assessing Landslide Hazards Before and During an

Event

Thomas Stanley, Universities Space Research Association, Goddard Earth Sciences Technology and Research, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

August 26, 2021

Training Outline



Assessing Pre- and Post-Storm Impacts

August 18, 2021



https://phys.org/news/2019-12-philippines-homes.html

Assessing Sea Level Rise at the Regional to Local Scale

August 24, 2021



https://e360.yale.edu/features/rising waters how fast and how far will sea levels rise

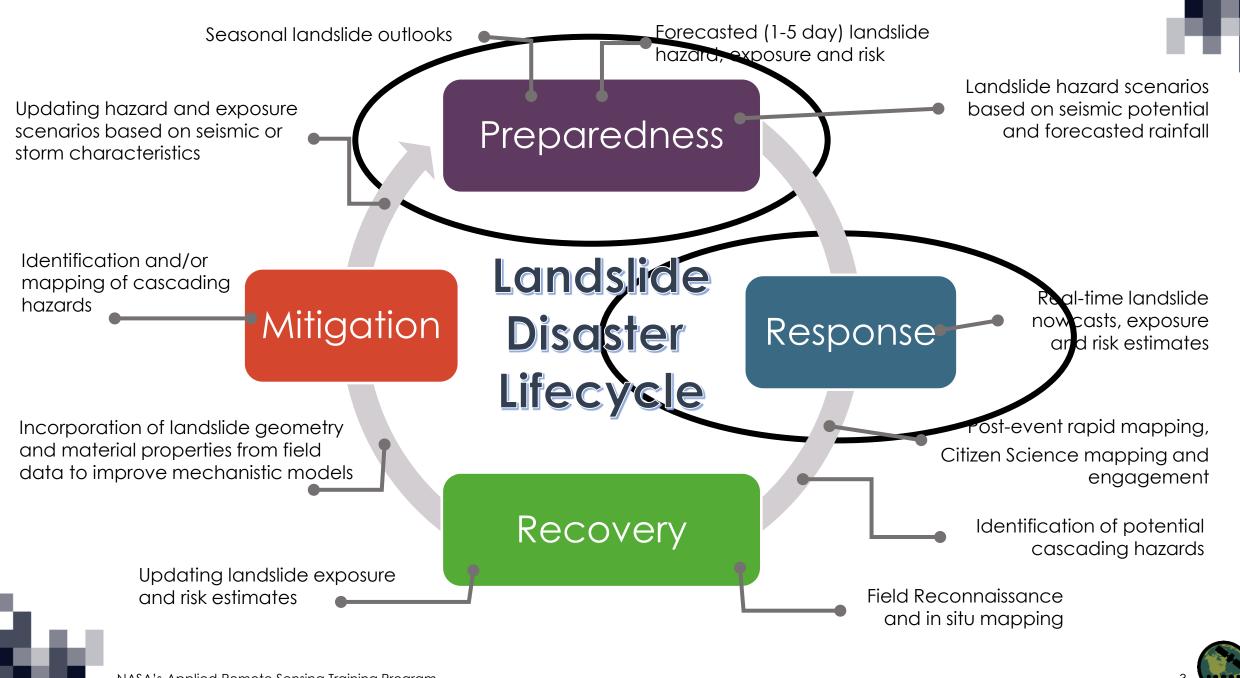
Assessing Landslide Hazards

August 26, 2021



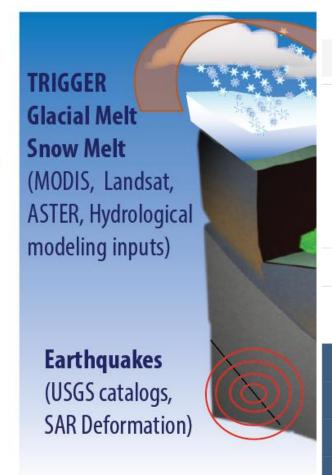
https://ttweathercenter.com/severe-weather/landslides/





Landslides are a major pr

And they have many causes.



Felt Report - Tell Us!

Did You Feel It?

ShakeMap

PAGER

Ground Failure

Technical

Origin

Moment Tensor

Waveforms

Download Event KMI

View Nearby Seismicity

Earthquakes

Hazards

Data & Products

Learn

Monitoring

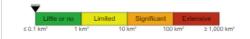
Research

Summary

About

Landslides

Estimated Area Exposed to Hazard



Little or no landsliding is expected, but some landslides could have occurred in highly susceptible areas.

Estimated Population Exposure



The number of people living near areas that could have produced landslides in this earthquake is low, but landslide damage or fatalities are still possible in highly susceptible areas. This is not a direct estimate of landslide fatalities or losses.

VIEW LANDSLIDES MAP

Liquefaction

Estimated Area Exposed t



Little or no liquefaction is expected, but some liquefaction could have occurred in highly susce areas.

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■Estimated Population Exp



VIEW LIQUEFACTION MAP

The number of people liv near areas that could ha produced liquefaction in earthquake is low, but liquefaction damage or fatalities are still possible highly susceptible areas)ries, is not a direct estimate c liquefaction fatalities or I



Some small island nations are highly exposed to landslides...



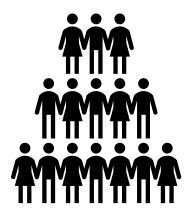
Due to a common combination of factors:



Volcanic Soils and Steep Slopes



Intense Tropical Cyclones



Dense Population



Deforestation

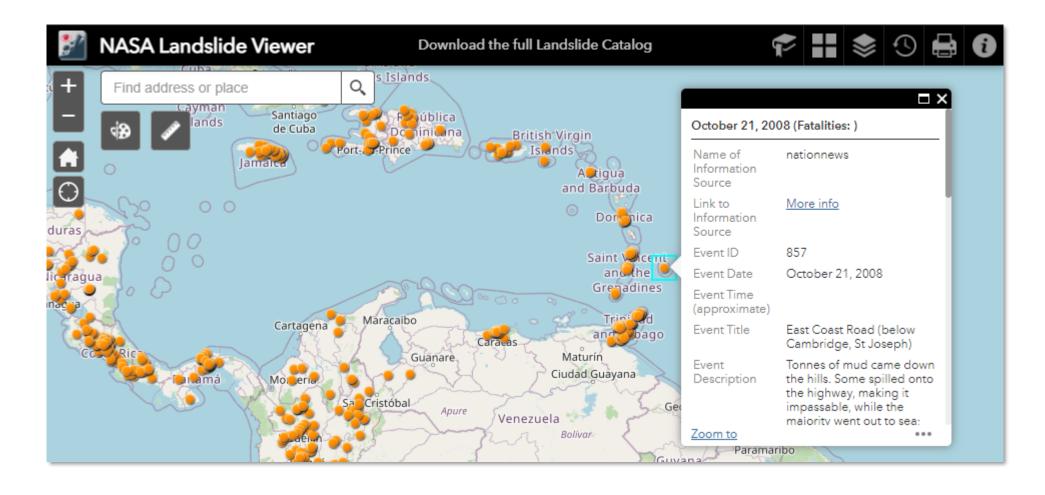




Some Resources for Assessing Landslide Hazard Before an Event

Global Landslide Catalog (GLC)

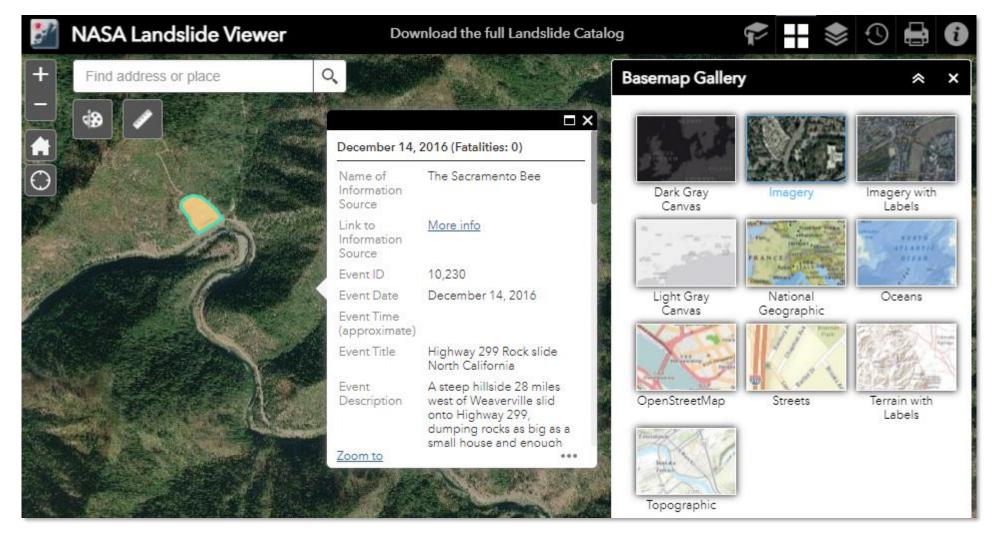






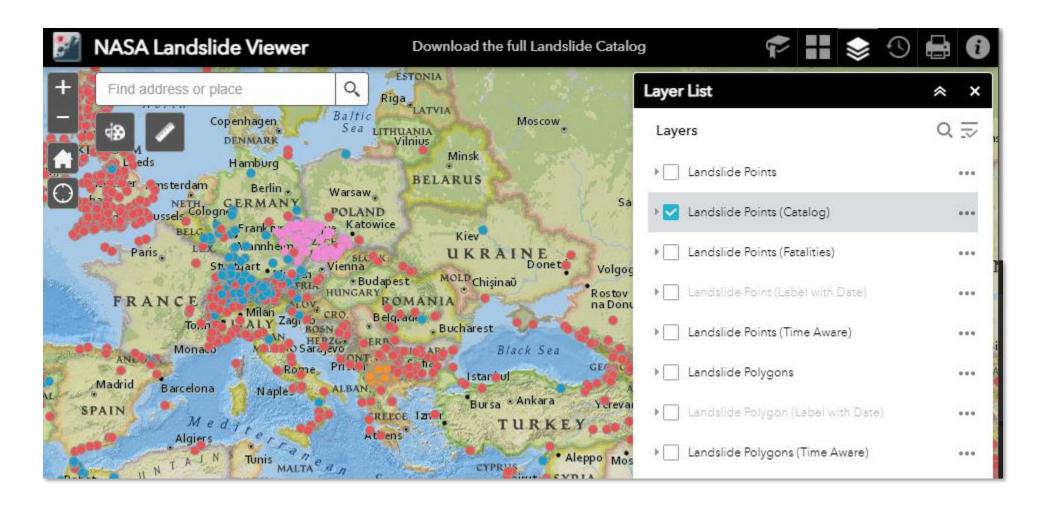
Global Landslide Catalog (GLC)





More from the Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository

(COOLR)





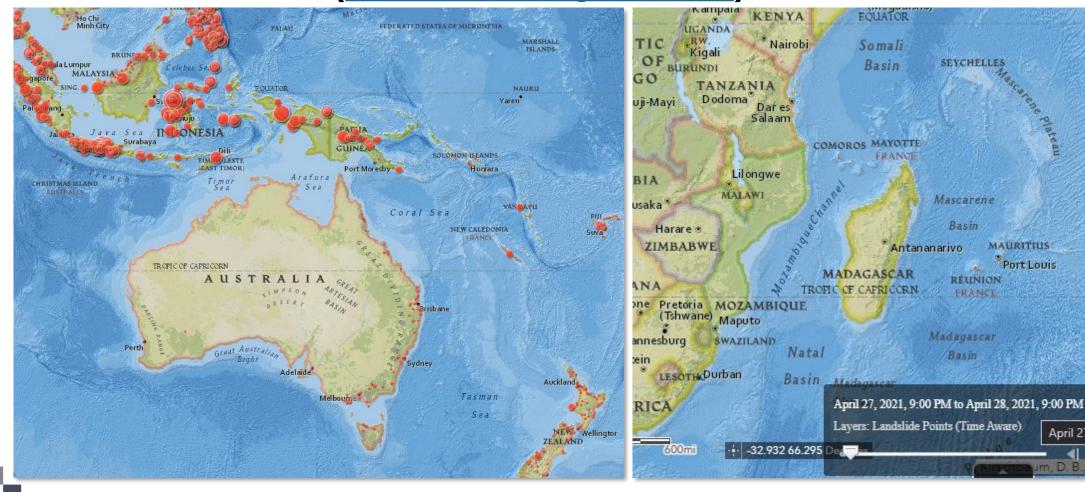
Fatalities and Time



Basin

Port Louis

At Landslide Viewer (landslides.nasa.gov/viewer)







April 27, 2021, 9:00 PM to April 28

UNITED K

Mid

Download All the Data in (The Cooperative Open Online

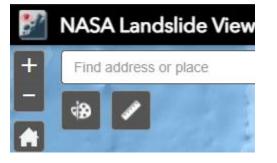
At Landslide Viewer (landslides, the COOLR catalog as a file

Global Landslide Catalog Downloadable Products

Landslide Repository (COOLR) is a worldwide database of landslide events from NASA, scientists, and citizen scientists. You can download geodatabase (.gdb), shapefiles (.shp), or comma-separated values (.csv). Learn more about the data and citizen science at landslides.nasa.gov.

Tags

617 catalog coolr csv file geodatabase glc global landslide landslide inventory nasa point polygon shapefile





COOLR Sources and Citations (CSV)

Important citation information about the landslide catalogs within the Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository.



Global Gridded Landslide Inventory

Count of landslides mapped within each 1-km grid cell. This file contains most of the landslide inventories used for training version 2.0 of the global landslide nowcast, now under review at Frontiers in Earth Science.







The NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository (COOLR) points downloadable as a csy file







NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide

lepository (COOLR)

NASA Global Landslide Catalog Points (Shapefile)

The NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository (COOLR) points downloadable as a .shp file.





NASA Global Landslide Catalog Polygons (CSV) CSV

The NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository (COOLR) polygons, downloadable as a .csv file.





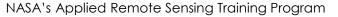


NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide

Repository (COOLR)

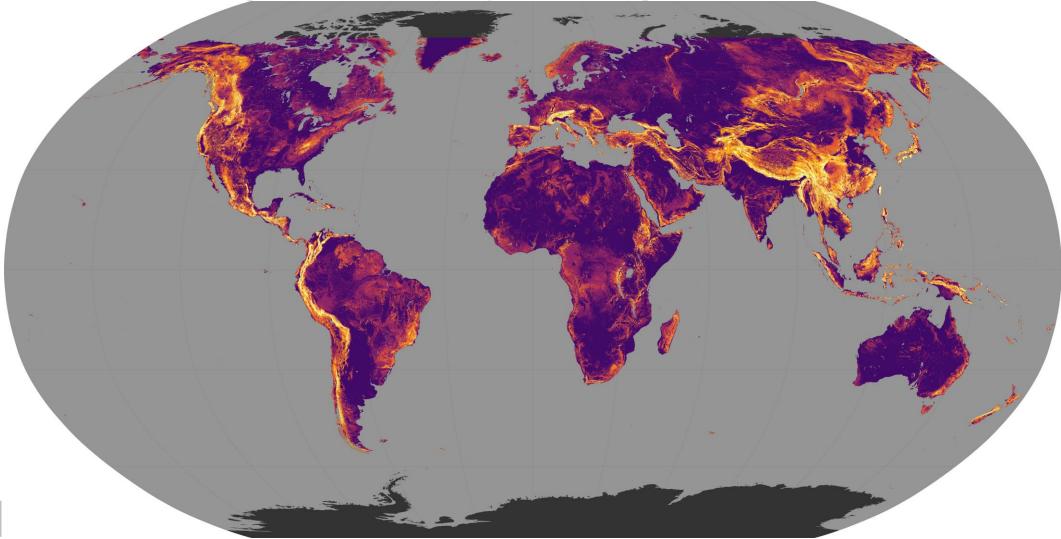
NASA Global Landslide Catalog Polygons (Shapefile)

The NASA Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository (COOLR) polygons, downloadable as a .shp file.



Global Landslide Susceptibility Map

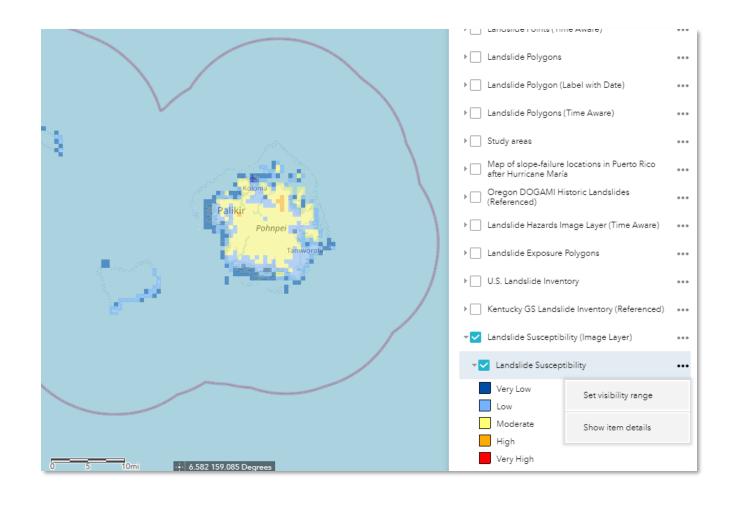




Global Landslide Susceptibility Map









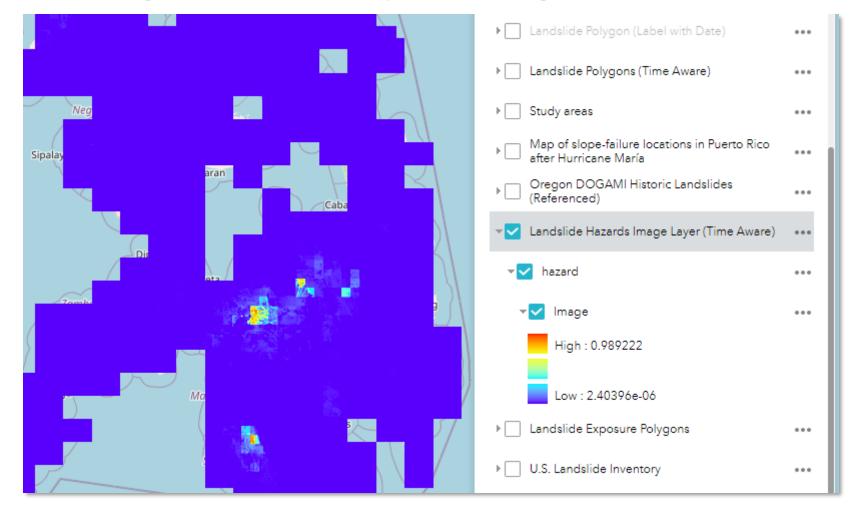




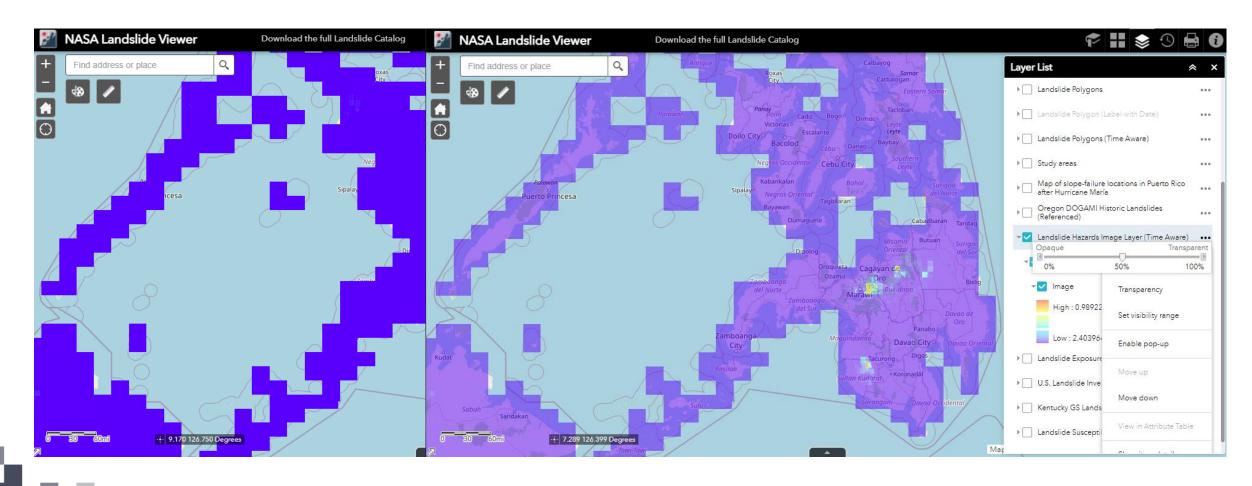
Some Resources for Assessing Landslide Hazard
During an Event

Global Landslide Nowcast





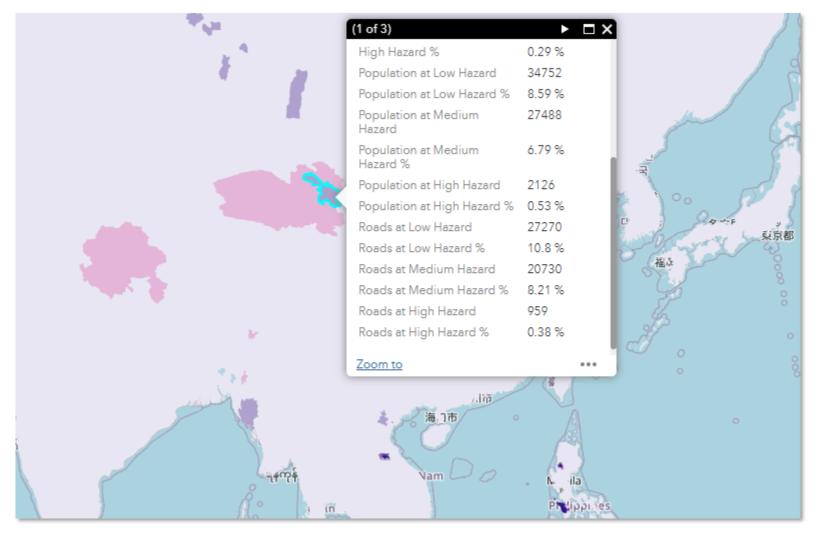
Global Landslide Nowcast



Exposed Population and Roads from the Global Landslide Nowcast







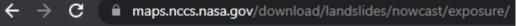


Index of /download/landslides/nowcast/exposure/csv

Exposed Population and Roc Global Landslide Nowcast

At Landslide Viewer (landslides.na





Index of /download/landslides/nowcas

<u>Name</u>	Last modified	<u>Size</u>	Description
Parent Directory		-	
admin2.zip	26-May-2021 10:06	325M	
csv/	23-Jul-2021 10:30	-	



2021-05-16 0900.csv 17-May-2021 10:30 4.5M



New Features in the Global Landslide Nowcast (LHASA 2.0)

- - Probabilistic, rather than categorical outputs
 - Due to the use of machine learning
 - Incorporates soil moisture and snow mass
- Increased accuracy
- Exposure analysis

- However, version 1.1 is still published at https://pmmpublisher.pps.eosdis.nasa. gov/ and https://gpm.nasa.gov/data/visualizati ons/precip-apps.
- Both sites allow you to view the "classic" model output:

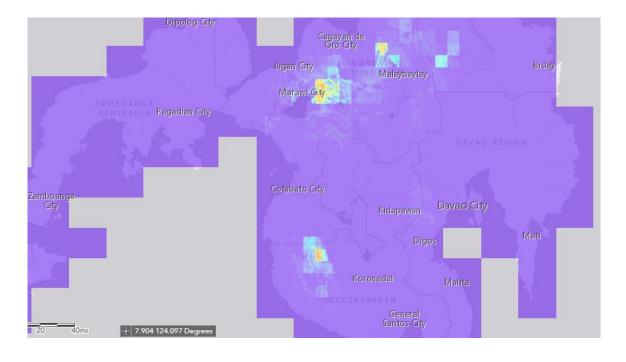






Version 1.1



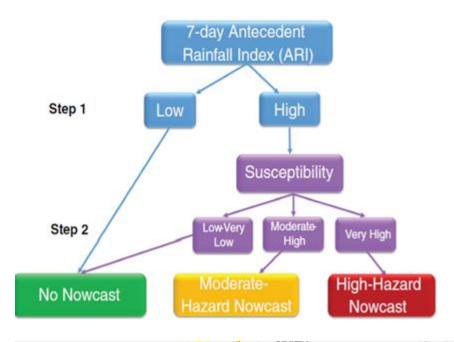


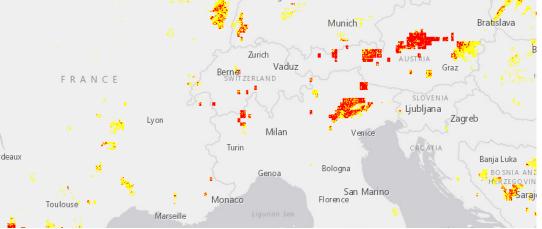


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Version 1.1

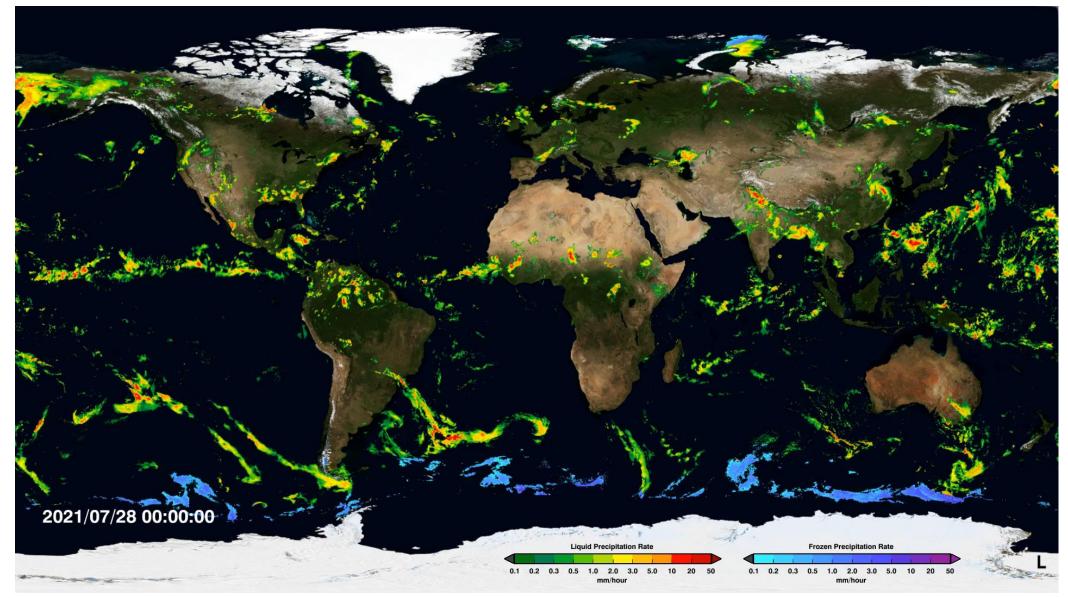








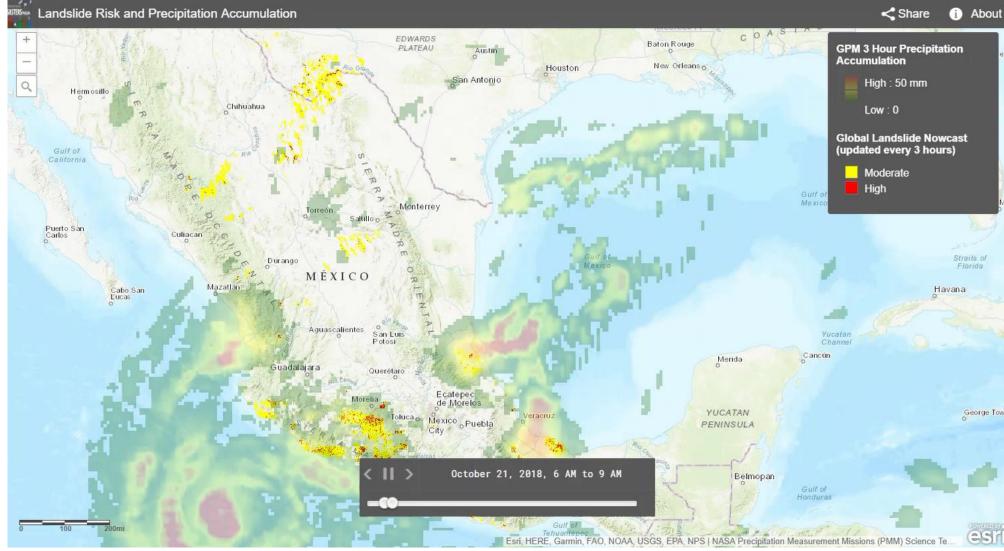
IMERG: Integrated Multi-satellitE Retrievals for GPM



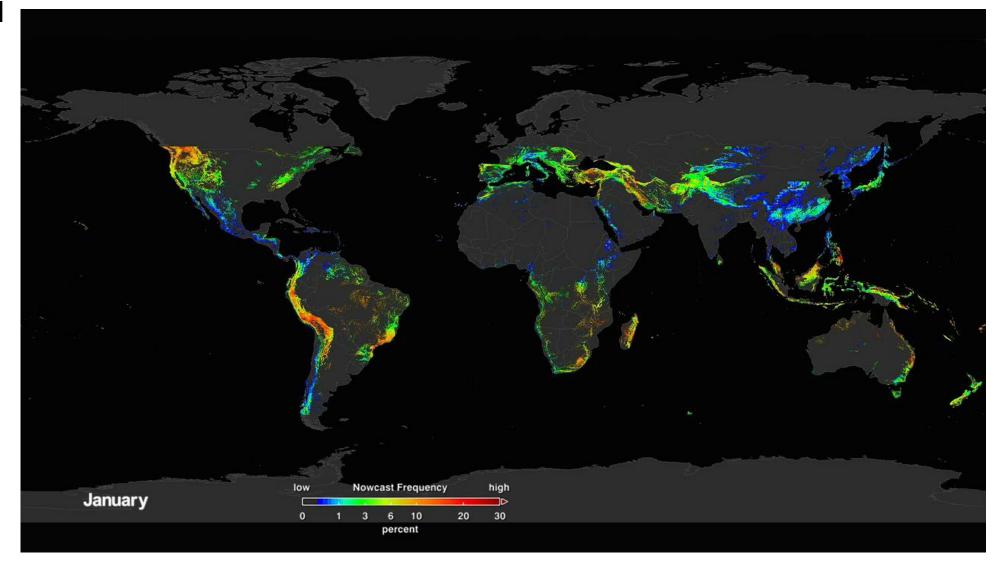


LHASA Output for Hurricane Willa, 2018

Version 1.1

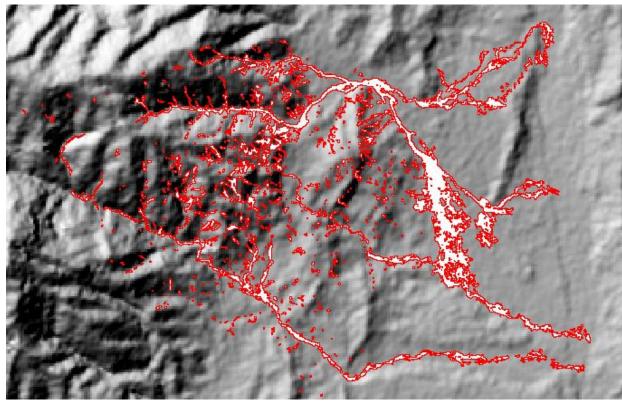


Version 1.1





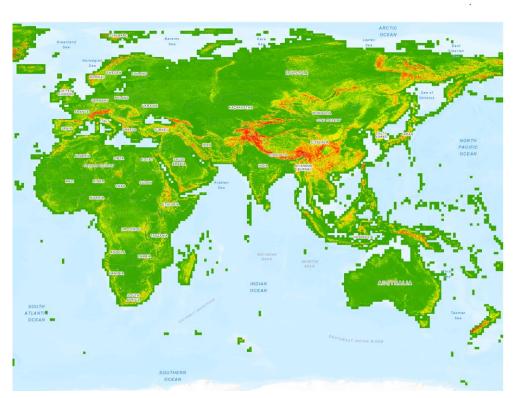




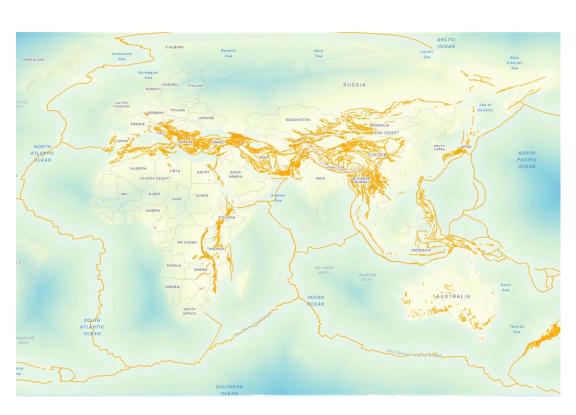




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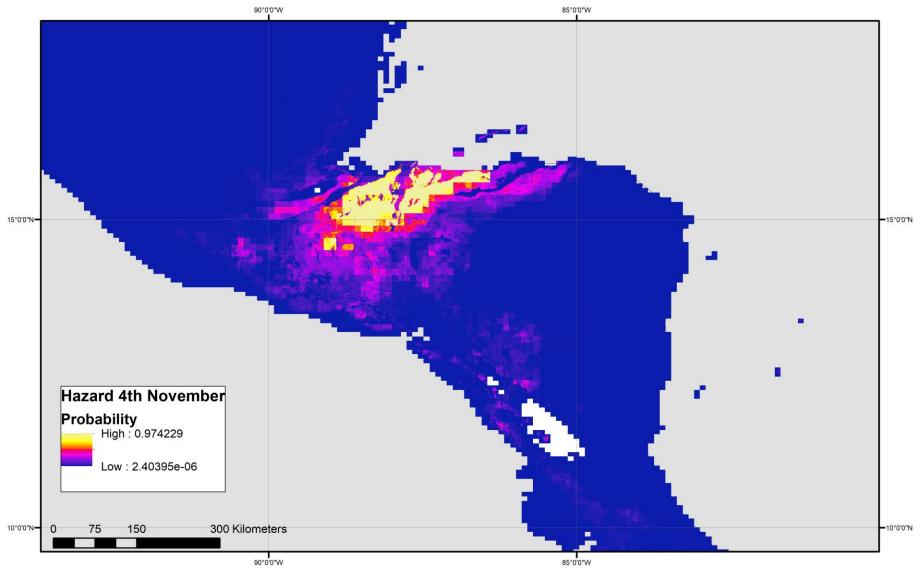


Slope Gradient



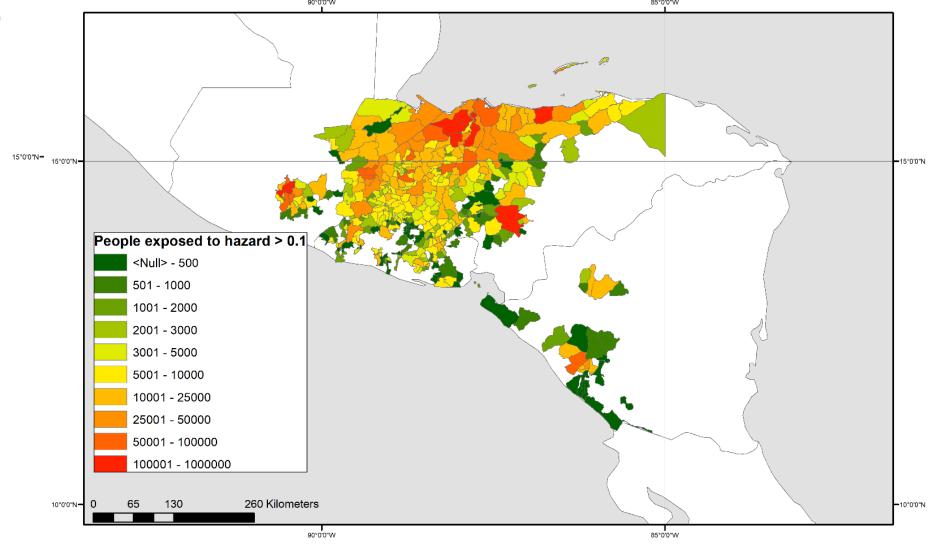
Distance to Fault









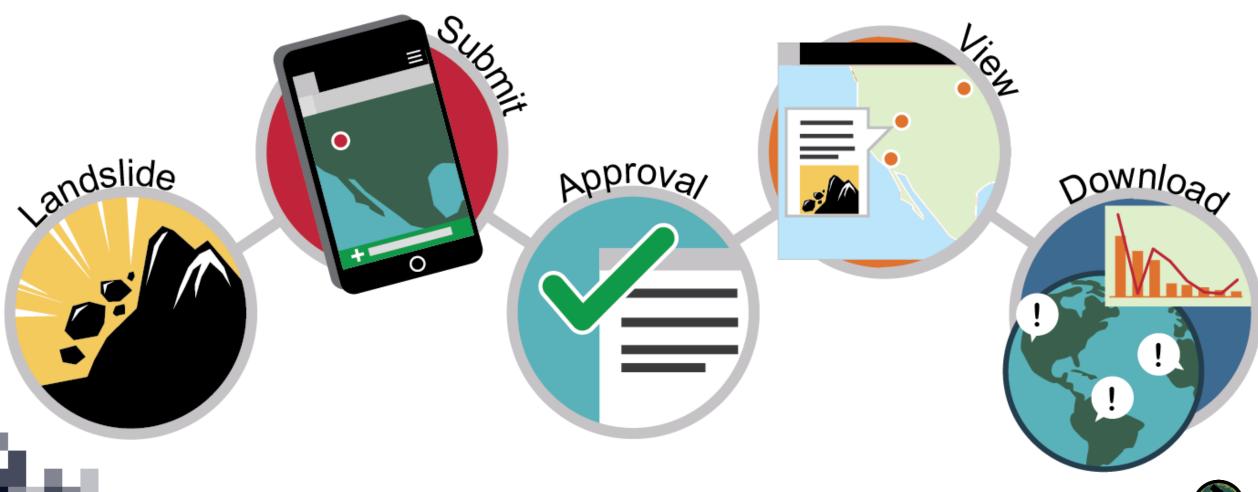




Reporting Landslides During or After an Event









Why report landslides?



At Landslide Reporter (<u>landslides.nasa.gov/reporter</u>)

Benefits to Science:

- We use this data to evaluate the nowcast and other models.
- Helps to quantify the impacts of landslides, which are currently underreported
- Fills in the gaps in our knowledge due to reporting biases in other landslide inventories like the GLC
 - This might lead to a fairer
 distribution of research and
 mitigation efforts to the locations
 that need it the most.

Benefits to Your Community:

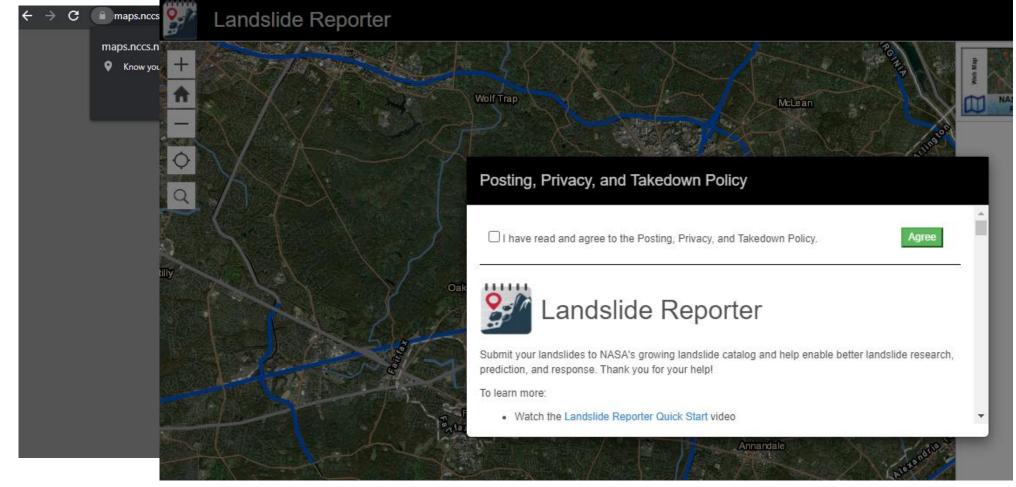
- Brings global attention to your work on disaster risk reduction
- Can be a tool for educating citizens on landslide hazard
- Helps improve the accuracy of landslide models in your area
- Encourages data sharing by other stakeholders
- May provide the rationale for future funding requests
- You don't have build your own app to do the same thing!



Reporting Landslides During or After an Event



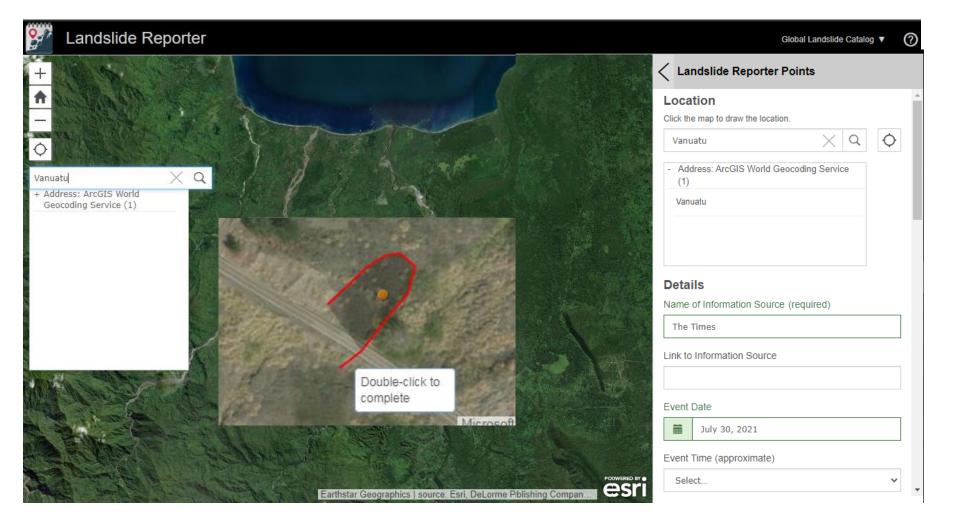
At Landslide Reporter (<u>landslides.nasa.gov/reporter</u>)



Reporting Landslides During or After an Event



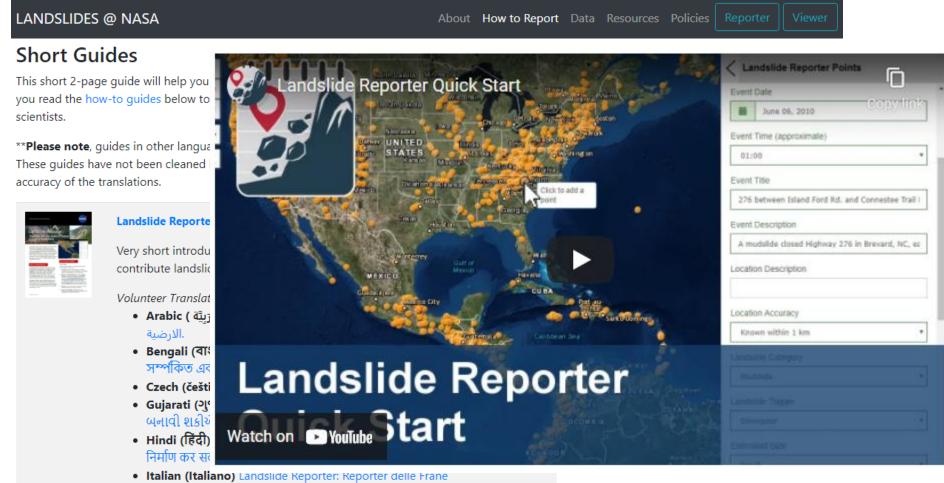
At Landslide Reporter (<u>landslides.nasa.gov/reporter</u>)



Learning More about Landslide Reporter



At <u>landslides.nasa.gov</u>



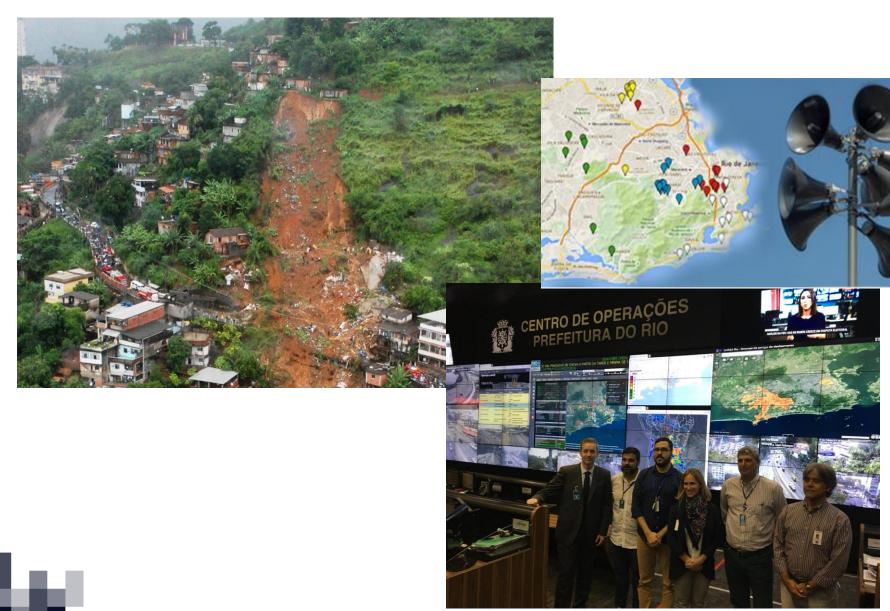




Rio de Janeiro Case Study

LHASA-Rio 1.0



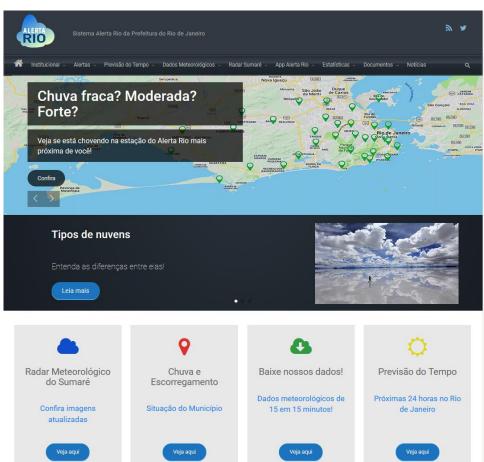




LHASA-Rio 1.0





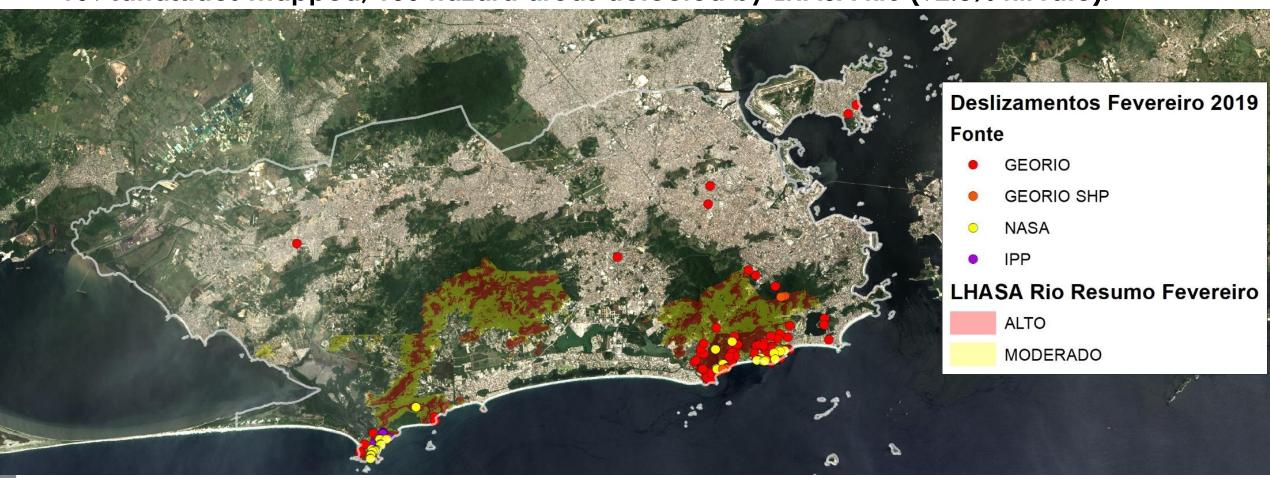




LHASA-Rio 1.0



169 landslides mapped, 156 hazard areas detected by LHASA Rio (92.3% hit rate).



Data Sources: LHASA Rio, Geo-Rio, NASA e IPP (imagens de alta resolução) Slide courtesy of Felipe C. Mandarino, Rio de Janeiro



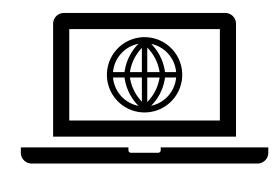


Getting Started with LHASA Version 1.1

What You Need to Run LHASA Version 1.1

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- A computer with the Windows operating system
 - (LHASA runs on other operating systems, but the appearance and key bindings are different from those shown here.)

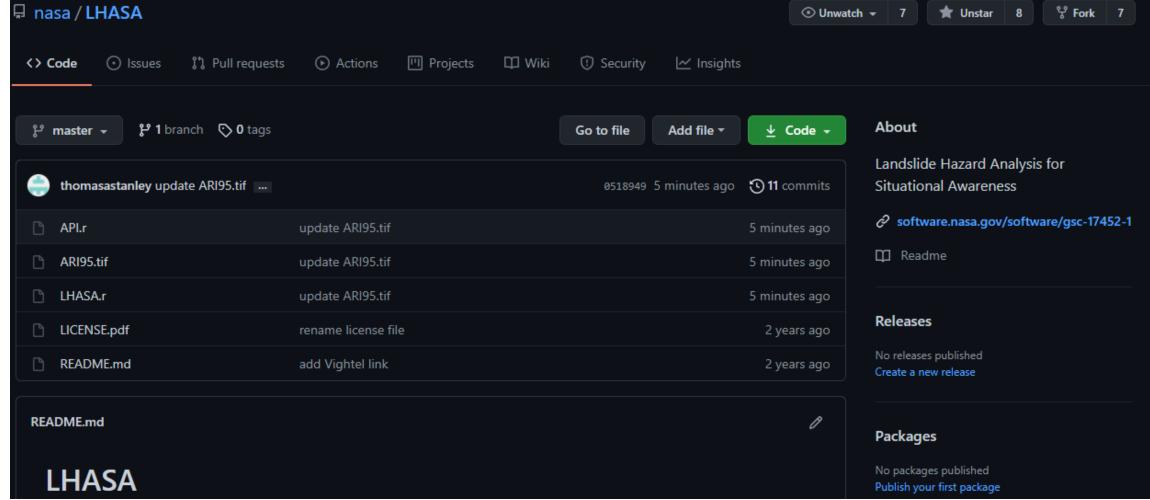


- An internet connection
- R statistical software
 - Download at https://cloud.r-project.org/
 - (It's free of charge.)





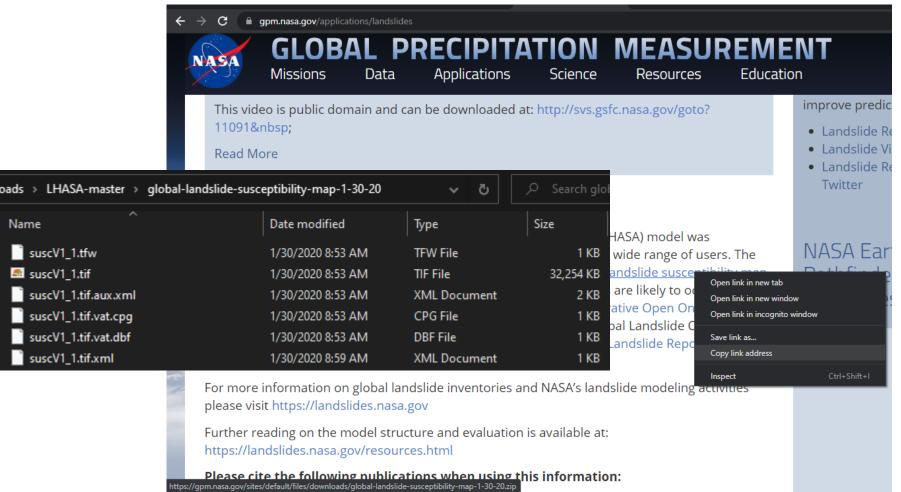
Step 1: Download the code from https://github.com/nasa/LHASA



Step 2: Download the global landslide susceptibility map from:

https://gpm.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/downloads/global-landslide-susceptibility-map-1-30-20.zip

Or use your own susceptibility map (in GeoTIFF format)





Name

suscV1 1.tfw

suscV1 1.tif

suscV1_1.tif.xml

Step 3: Download the IMERG data from https://gpm.nasa.gov/data/imerg

1 Day IMERG Late Run Precipitation Accumulations in GeoTIFF format

- Download URL: https://jsimpsonhttps.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov/imerg/gis/
- Longer latency than Early Run but a higher quality product.
- Click here to register for the PPS FTP
- Read documentation for using IMERG GeoTIFF + Wordfiles
- Files located in ./[yyyy]/[mm]
- 30 minute, 3 hour, 1 day, 7 day, and 1 month files are all available in the same directory, with the timespan indicated within the filename (e.g. 3B-HHR-L.MS.MRG.3IMERG.20200516-S083000-E085959.0510.V06B.**3hr**.tif is a 3 hour file)
- 1 month files are located in the folder corresponding to the first day of each month.
- Precipitation values are scaled by a factor of x10 (0.1mm) for 30 minute, 3 hour, 1 day, 3 day and 7 day files, and are scaled by a factor of x1 (1mm) for 1 month files.
 - 1 Day IMERG Late Run Precipitation Accumulations in GeoTIFF format

1 Month IMERG Final Run Precipitation Accumulations in GeoTIFF format



nost



Step 3a: Register with the NASA Precipitation Processing System (PPS)



PPS Registration

Click on "Register" to get access to PPS Products.

Fill out the form and click on "Save".

You will get a confirmation e-mail and use it to complete the process.

If you don't receive this e-mail in one hour, please check in your spam folder, and then contact helpdesk@mail.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov to resolve the issue.

Once you are registered, you can edit your information by entering in your email address (below) and clicking on "Verify Email or Update Info". Please follow the instructions contained in the automated email to complete the process.

Please note that by registering to get access to GPM data through PPS, you are also agreeing to receive emails from PPS informing you of system and product status. If you do no wish to receive system status emails then please do not register for access to PPS.

We do not accept email addresses that require us to take a manual action (Boxbe, etc.). Please do not use a university address that is a reflector to gmail but use the direct gmail address instead

If you plan to use Near-Real Time (NRT) data stored on jsimpsonftps.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov, make sure to check the box stating that you are interested in NRT products. Otherwise, your account will only allow access to production data on arthurhou.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov. However, if you do not need to use NRT products, please do not register for NRT access. You can add/remove NRT access using the "Verify Email or Update Info" tool.

Please note that your Email will be converted to lower case. Once registration is completed use this email address in <u>lower case</u> as both your User Name and Password to retrieve data from our FTP archives or place orders through STORM.

NEVER reply to an email that is sent to you. If you have questions, please contact helpdesk@mail.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov.

Register

OR

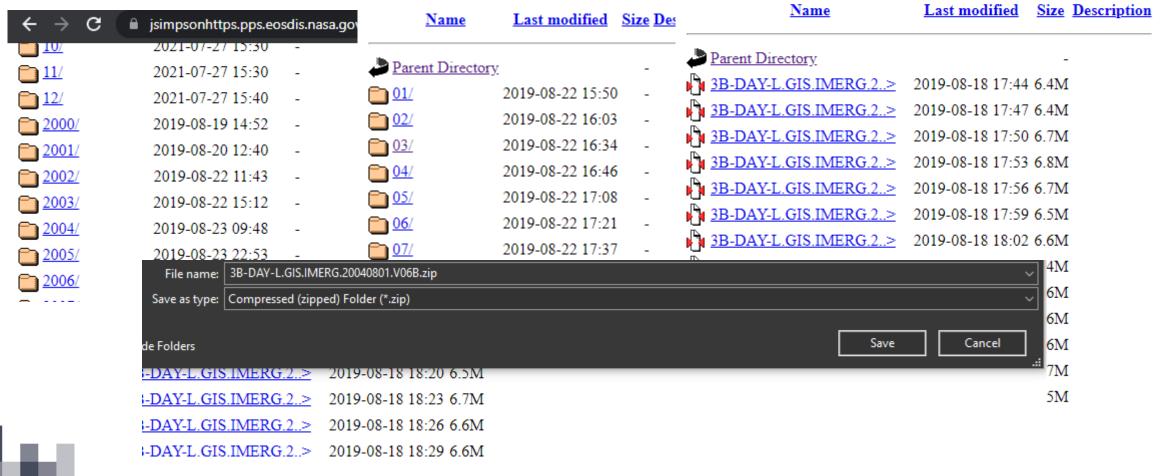


https://registration.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov/
registration/

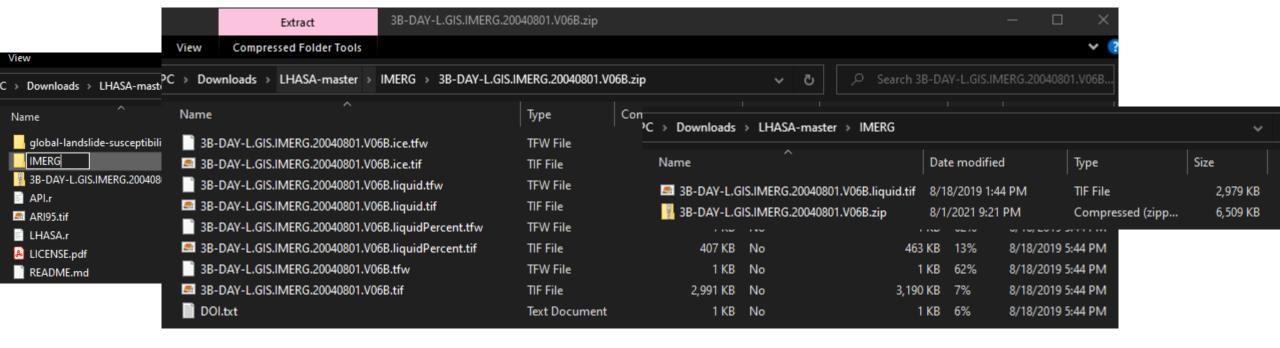




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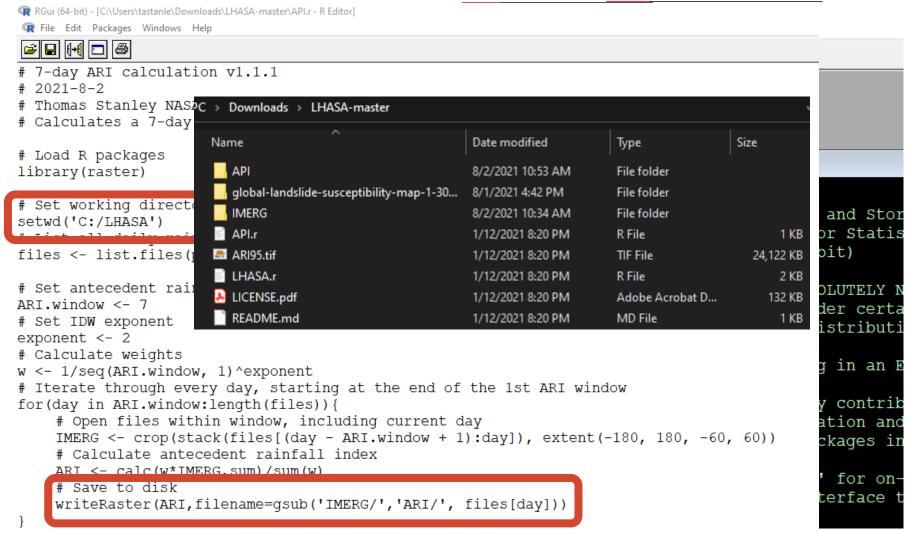


Step 3c: Extract rainfall data files

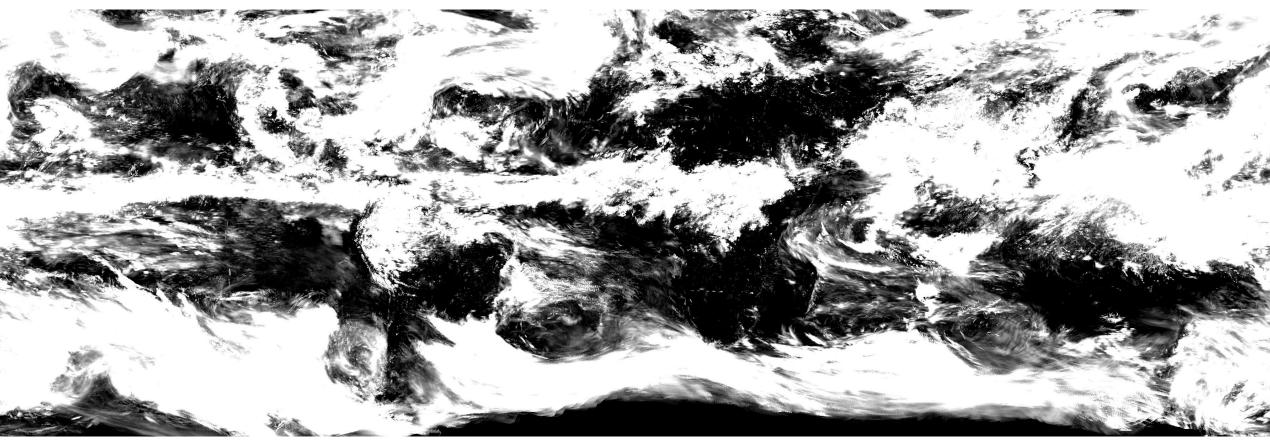




Step 4: Calculate the Antecedent Rainfall Index

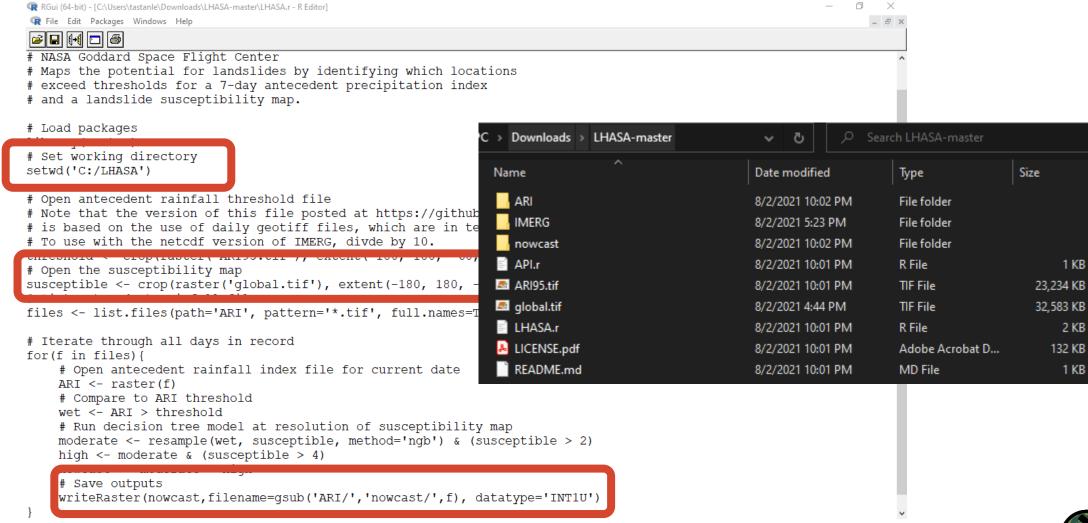








Step 4: Run the LHASA model



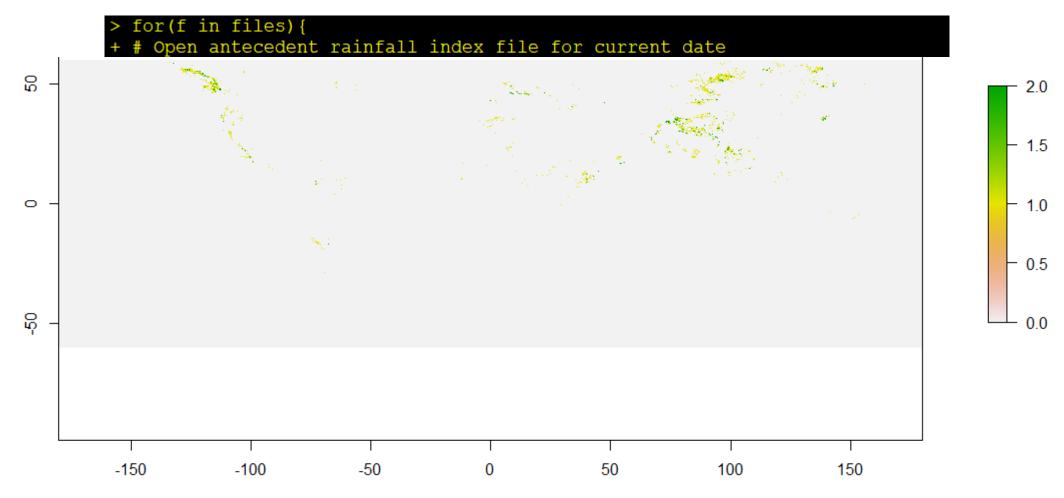
Step 4: Run the LHASA model

```
# Landslide Hazard Assessment for Situational Awareness, version 1.1.1
 # By Thomas Stanley USRA/GESTAR 2021-8-2
> # NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
 # Maps the potential for landslides by identifying which locations
 # exceed thresholds for a 7-day antecedent precipitation index
 # and a landslide susceptibility map.
 # Load packages
 library(raster)
 # Set working directory
 setwd('C:/Users/tastanle/Downloads/LHASA-master')
 # Open antecedent rainfall threshold file
 # Note that the version of this file posted at https://github.com/nasa/LHASA
 # is based on the use of daily geotiff files, which are in tenths of mm.
 # To use with the netcdf version of IMERG, divde by 10.
 threshold <- crop(raster('ARI95.tif'), extent(-180, 180, -60, 60))
 # Open the susceptibility map
 susceptible <- crop(raster('global.tif'), extent(-180, 180, -60, 60))
```



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Step 5: View the Nowcast





Next Steps with LHASA Version 1.1



How to make it work better for your island:

- 1. Evaluate the model's historic performance
 - Did it predict most landslides?
 - Was there a type of landslide or rainstorm it didn't do well on?
 - Is there a part of the island for which it's more accurate?
- 2. Raise or lower the rainfall threshold or susceptibility threshold
- Replace the global susceptibility map with a national one
- Replace IMERG with a high-resolution rainfall dataset from radar, gauges, or models



Review



Assessing Landslide Hazard on Small Island Nations

- Information on landslides can be useful at all stages of the disaster life cycle.
- NASA has several online resources:
 - At Landslide Viewer
 - At Landslide Reporter
- The LHASA model uses IMERG precipitation to produce global landslide nowcasts.
- You can implement LHASA version 1.1 with open-source code and open data.
 - But customizing it for your region is recommended.



References

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- Stanley, T. A., D. B. Kirschbaum, G. Benz, et al. 2021. "Data-Driven Landslide Nowcasting at the Global Scale." Frontiers in Earth Science, 9: [10.3389/feart.2021.640043]
- Emberson, R., D. Kirschbaum, and T. Stanley. 2021. "Global connections between El Nino and landslide impacts." Nature Communications, 12 (1): 2262 [10.1038/s41467-021-22398-4]
- Emberson, R., D. Kirschbaum, and T. Stanley. 2020. "New global characterisation of landslide exposure." Natural Hazards and Earth System Sciences, 20 (12): 3413-3424 [10.5194/nhess-20-3413-2020]
- Juang, C. S., T. A. Stanley, and D. B. Kirschbaum. 2019. "Using citizen science to expand the global map of landslides: Introducing the Cooperative Open Online Landslide Repository (COOLR)." PLOS ONE, 14 (7): e0218657 [10.1371/journal.pone.0218657]

- Kirschbaum, D., and T. Stanley. 2018. "Satellite-Based Assessment of Rainfall-Triggered Landslide Hazard for Situational Awareness." Earth's Future, 6 (3): 505-523 [10.1002/2017ef000715]
- Stanley, T., and D. B. Kirschbaum. 2017. "A heuristic approach to global landslide susceptibility mapping." Natural Hazards, 1-20 [10.1007/s11069-017-2757-y]
- Kirschbaum, D. B., T. Stanley, and Y. Zhou. 2015. "Spatial and temporal analysis of a global landslide catalog." Geomorphology, 249 (Geohazard Databases): 4-15 [10.1016/j.geomorph.2015.03.016]
- Kirschbaum, D. B., R. F. Adler, Y. Hong, S. Hill, and A. Lerner-Lam. 2010. "A global landslide catalog for hazard applications: method, results, and limitations." Natural Hazards 52 (3): 561-575 [10.1007/s11069-009-9401-4]



Homework and Certificate

- One homework assignment:
 - Answers must be submitted via Google Form, accessed from the ARSET website.
 - Homework will be made available on August 26th.
 - Due date for homework: September 15, 2021
- A certificate of completion will be awarded to those who:
 - Attend all live webinars
 - Complete the homework assignment by the deadline
 - You will receive a certificate approximately two months after the completion of the course from: marines.martins@ssaihq.com



Contacts



Trainers:

- Erika Podest: <u>erika.podest@jpl.nasa.gov</u>
- Sean McCartney: sean.mccartney@nasa.gov
- Amita Mehta: <u>amita.v.mehta@nasa.gov</u>

Follow us on Twitter @NASAARSET

Training Webpage:

 https://appliedsciences.nasa.gov/join-mission/training/english/arsetsatellite-observations-analyzing-natural-hazards-small-island

ARSET Website:

 https://appliedsciences.nasa.gov/what-we-do/capacitybuilding/arset



Questions

- Please enter your questions in the Q&A box. We will answer them in the order they were received.
- We will post the Q&A to the training website following the conclusion of the webinar.

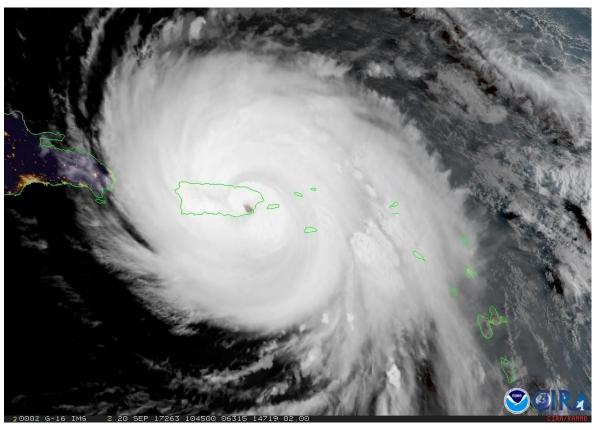
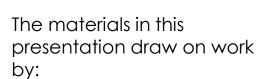


Image Credit: NOAA







James Shute, Ryan Forbes, Neh Patel, Laura Carriere, Caroline Juang, Dalia Kirschbaum, Jack Simmons, Robert Emberson, Pukar Amatya, Garrett Benz, Marin Clark, William Medwedeff, Yaping Zhou, George Huffman, and many, many more.



Thank You!

Computing and web portal provided by:



